## Exam I Administered: Monday, September 13, 2004 22 points

For each problem part: 0 points if not attempted or no work shown, 1 point for partial credit, if work is shown, 2 points for correct numerical value of solution

## Problem 1. (16 points)

Consider the following PDF

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} c(x^2 - 1) & \text{for } 1 \le x \le 3\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) Is this PDF continuous or discrete?

(b) Find the value of c that normalizes this PDF.

(c) Find the probability that x is between 1 and 2.

(d) Find the probability that x is greater than 2.

(e) Find the mean of the random variable x.

(f) Find the mean of the function of the random variable, g(x) = 5x - 12

## Problem 2. (10 points)

Studies have shown that approximately 92% of the human population is right-handed (or right hand dominant). Recently, a study was performed to examine the relationship between handedness and location of linguistics ability in the human brain. The following results were published<sup>\*</sup>.

|                                  | right-handed people | left-handed people |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| language dominant in right brain | 5%                  | 30%                |
| language dominant in left brain  | 95%                 | 70%                |

<sup>\*</sup>McManus, I. C. 2002. Right Hand Left Hand. Great Britain: Weidenfeld & Nicolson, Ltd. 412p.

Using this information, answer the following questions.

(a) Draw a Venn Diagram of the sample space for the handedness and language dominance of a person.

(b) What is the probability that a person is language dominant in the right brain given that they are right handed?

(c) What is the probability that a person is language dominant in the left brain?

(d) What is the probability that a person is right-handed and language dominant in the right brain?

(e) What is the probability that a person is right-handed, given that they are language dominant in the right brain?